Exercise	Sheet	12
----------	-------	----

Exercise 1 (Peer-to-Peer)					
1. Centralized services ex	xist in				
\Box Centralized P2P	\Box Pure P2P	\Box Hybrid P2P			
2. No central point of at (Two answers are corr	tack exists with rect here.)				
\Box Centralized P2P	\Box Pure P2P	□ Hybrid P2P			
3. No centralized service	s exist with				
\Box Centralized P2P	\Box Pure P2P	□ Hybrid P2P			
4. Clients must know at least a single Peer to access systems, which implement (Two answers are correct here.)					
\Box Centralized P2P	\Box Pure P2P	□ Hybrid P2P			
5. A central point of atta	ack exists with				
\Box Centralized P2P	\Box Pure P2P	\Box Hybrid P2P			
6. Which architecture ca	uses the biggest netw	vork overhead?			
\Box Centralized P2P	\Box Pure P2P	□ Hybrid P2P			
7. Which architecture causes the lowest network overhead?					
\Box Centralized P2P	\Box Pure P2P	□ Hybrid P2P			
8. Which architecture implements a kind of dynamic, centralized service?					
\Box Centralized P2P	\Box Pure P2P	□ Hybrid P2P			
9. Napster (1999 - 2001) implemented					
\Box Centralized P2P	\Box Pure P2P	□ Hybrid P2P			
10. Which architecture implements Ultrapeers $(=$ Supernodes $)?$					
\Box Centralized P2P	\Box Pure P2P	□ Hybrid P2P			
11. Gnutella v0.4 impleme	ents				
\Box Centralized P2P	\Box Pure P2P	□ Hybrid P2P			
12. Gnutella v0.6 implements					
\Box Centralized P2P	\Box Pure P2P	□ Hybrid P2P			

1

Exercise 2 (Distributed Hash Table)

- 1. Why is **direct storage** of files in the Distributed Hash Table only suited for files $< 1 \,\mathrm{kB}$?
- 2. What kind of data is stored in the Distributed Hash Table when **indirect storage** is implemented?
- 3. What is the objective of **hash functions**?
- 4. How can the **quality** of a hash functions be determined?
- 5. What is the **drawback** of linear search in the Chord ring?
- 6. What way of **searching** in the Chord ring is preferred?
- 7. To which node n gets a key k assigned to?
 - \Box The node with the same ID as the key
 - Direct predecessor
 - Direct successor
 - \Box First node (starting from ID 1) without any keys assigned yet
- 8. Calculate the **Finger Table values** of node n = 8 and **insert** the correct values into the provided Finger Table.



Finger Table of node n = 8

Entry	Start	Node
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		

The table has 5 entries, because m contains the length of the ID in bits and m = 5

The Start value of entry *i* of the table on node *n* is $n + 2^{i-1}$

The Node value of entry i points to the first node, which follows to n at a distance of at least 2^{i-1}

9. Which node is responsible for the key (resource) with ID 23 ?

10. Calculate the **Finger Table values** of node n = 13 and **insert** the correct values into the provided Finger Table.



Finger Table of node n = 13

Entry	Start	Node
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		

The table has 5 entries, because m contains the length of the ID in bits and m = 5

The Start value of entry i of the table on node n is $n + 2^{i-1}$

The Node value of entry i points to the first node, which follows to n at a distance of at least 2^{i-1}

11. Which node is responsible for the key (resource) with ID 18?