

Kernel based Virtual Machines A short introduction

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Virtualization

- Virtualization is a form of hardware abstraction with the aim of sharing resources.
- Components sharing an underlying hardware resource may be isolated/independent from each other.
- CPU Core Virtualization: INTEL VT-x, AMD-V

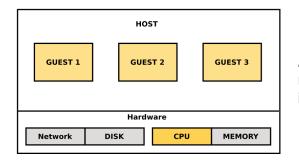


Hypervisor

- The Hypervisor is an abstraction layer between the real hardware components and any form of operating system on higher levels.
- It forms an virtual environment which can be modified and used as a basis for virtual machines regardless of the real underlying hardware components.



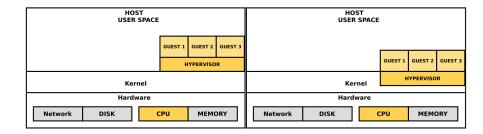
Concept of Host & Guest System



A host system may contain several independent guests.



Kernel & User Space





Kernel Based Virtualization

- Infrastructure for virtualization implemented in the Linux Kernel
- Since Kernel 2.6.20 (now at 4.9)
- Under OpenSource Software Licenses

Kernel Modules:

kvm.ko - KVM Core module

kvm-intel.ko - Intel VT-x specific module

kvm-amd.ko - AMD-V specific module

Location: /lib/modules/4.8.0-1-amd64/kernel/arch/x86/kvm/



Example & Demonstration:

Host:

CPU: Intel Core i5(64bit Dual Core CPU at maximum of 2 x 2.4GHz)

KVM Support: *Intel VT-x*

Operating System: Debian Linux with Kernel 4.8

Guest(1): Android 7.1 with Kernel 3.10 Guest(2): Debian Linux with Kernel 3.16



root@virtu01:~# uname -a Linux virtu01 3.16.0-4-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 3.16.36-1+deb8u2 (2016-10-19) x86 64 \equiv root@virtu01:~# cat /proc/cpuinfo vendor id Model cpu family model model name : QEMU Virtual CPU version 2.5+ . 2394.560 cpu MHz cache size : 4096 KB physical id Unknown core id 3.10.0+ initial apicid : 0 o **⅍** root:~# uname -a Linux laptop 4.8.0-1-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 4.8.7-1 (2016-11-13) x86 64 GNU/Linux

