# OpenShift

## About Me

- Freelancing since 2000
- Linux-Trainer
  - From 2000 to 2008 primarily for Red Hat
    - #8 RHCA 2nd in Europe
- Author
  - Samba 3 Wandere zwischen den Welten
- Administrator
  - Freelancing from 2000 2016
    - Deutsche Börse 2008-2016
- Since 2017
  - 10% Freelancing
  - 90% Employed Sysadmin @
    Deutschen Börse AG, Frankfurt

## Platform as a service

#### Truth

 There is no Cloud, only other peoples computer

Container are not designed to be secure

#### RedHat Centos Fedora

Upsteam –
 Downsteam

- Fedora
- RedHat
- Centos
- CoreOS







- All are 100%
  OpenSource
- Centos / Fedora are influenced by Red Hat
- Trademark owned by Red Hat

## Container

- Normal processes, run in a contained way
  - chroot
  - namespaces
  - Capabilities
  - Cgroups
  - SELinux
- Filesystem Layers (empheral)
- Persistence data is a problem
- Should fix the "works for me" problem.
- Container standard = OCI
- Missing: Handling large number of containers

## History

- Container are not new
- 1979 chroot syscall in Unix v7
- 1982 Chroot command in 4.2BSD
- 2000 Jails in FreeBSD (inkl. Extra IP)
- 2001 Vserver for Linux (FS,network,Mem)
- 2005 OpenVZ (+ resource mgmt, checkpoint)
- 2005 Zones in Solaris (+ Cloning)
- 2008 lxc in Linux (included in vanilla kernel)

## Docker

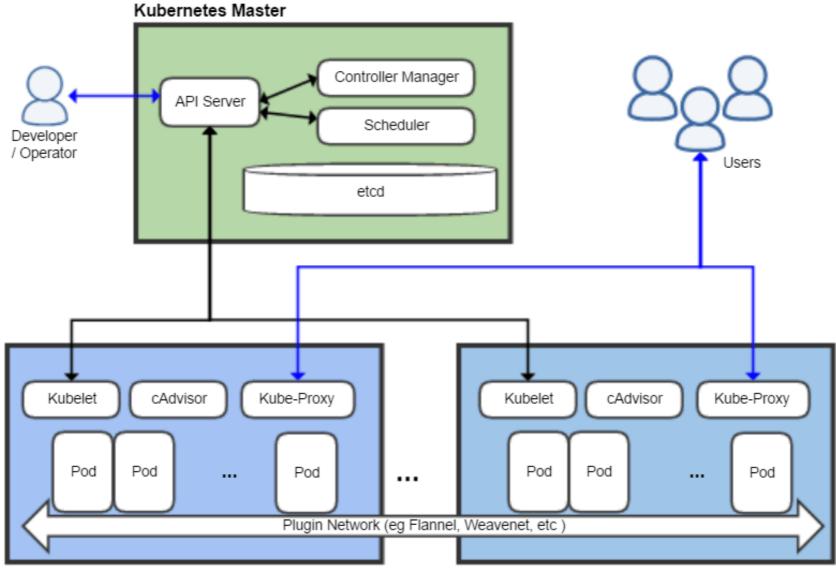


- Created 2013
- New: Easy to use file system layers
- Only the best known container tool
- One big daemon, does everything, runs as root
- Will be replaced
  - by CRI-O (podman) or rkt
  - with a lot of single purpose tools (Unix Style).



#### Kubernetes

- Kubernetes is greek for Pilot or Helmsman
- Google used a tool called Borg, reimplemented with Codename Seven (nicer Borg), seven sticks on the wheel.
- Now Cloud Native Foundation (Linux Foundation)
- Used with Rancher Labs, Azure, CoreOS Tectonic, Mirantis, openshift, ...



Kubernetes Node Kubernetes Node

#### Kubernetes

- Pods (Running Conatiner)
- Nodes (Machine that runs Container)
- Project (multiple container, secluded)
- Controller Manager
- Master
- Etcd (from CoreOS)
- Readyness vs. Liveness Probe
- Missing: Network, Storage and a GUI

## Openshift

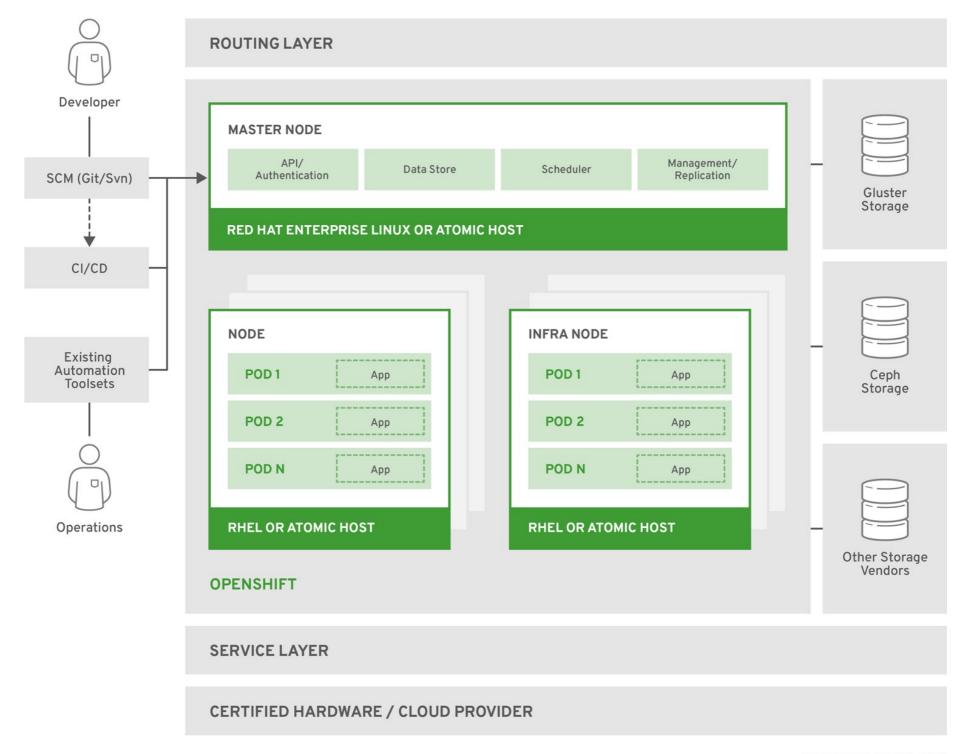


#### Editions

- Origin (OpenSource upstream)
- Dedicated (Private Instance on Public Cloud)
- Container Platform (On Premise Privat Cloud, former OpenShift Enterprise)
- Online (open public Cloud)

#### Runs on

- Bare-Metal
  - Latest Redhat, Centos or Fedora normal install
  - Or Atomic Host (Minimal Installation with atomic updates)
  - Or Fedora CoreOS
- Virtual Machines (KVM, VMWare, VirtualBox)
- Public Clouds (AWS, Azure, OpenStack, Google Compute)
- Creates a platform independent layer



## OpenShift

- Gluster (Cloud Native Storage)
- Monitoring/Logs integrated
- Network Layer (flanel)
- Extendable by addons

### Node selections

- 1 Possible (Minishift/RedHat CDK)
- 4 = Master + 3 Nodes
- Real HA Setups:
  - 2 Loadbalancer
  - 3 Master (HA)
  - 3 ETCD Nodes
  - 3 Infrastructure Nodes
  - 4 Infrastructure Storage Nodes
  - 4 App Storage Nodes
    - 3++ App Nodes

## **DEMO** Minishift

## Problems of Container

Where comes the Container from

What is the configuration of the Container

 A lot of new concepts = Hugh learning curve

## Why Openshift?

- Can Create complete Cloud Independence
- Based on OpenSource
- No Single point of Failure (Cross Cloud not possible yet ...)

## Questions

Thanks for all the Fish

## Image Sources

- https://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/ Datei:Kubernetes.png
- https://github.com/openshift/openshiftdocs/blob/master/architecture/images/ architecture\_overview.png