

# ONEYE - A Cloud Operating System (DaaS)

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# Desktop as a Service (DaaS)

Virtual desktops running in the cloud:

- Access with web-browser or portal app
- Low hardware requirements for clients
- Flexibility & mobility
- Business continuity via remote maintenance & backups
- Security & automation
- Form of Virtual Desktop Infrastructure (VDI)

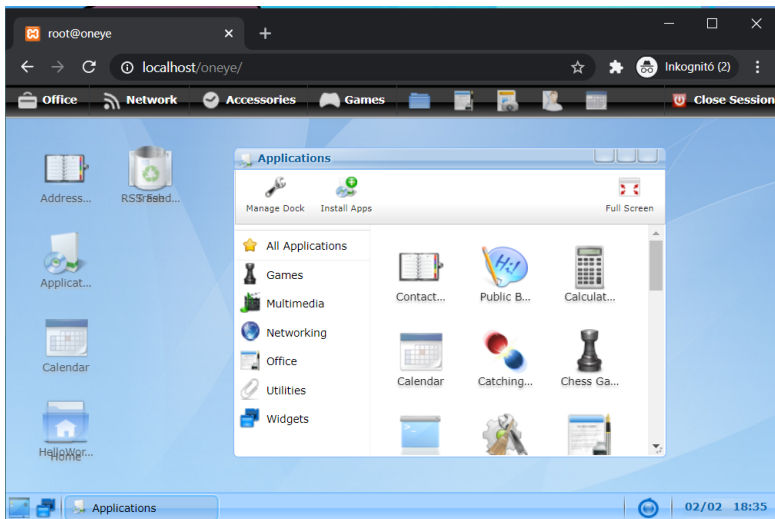
# Oneye - Cloud Operating System

- DaaS solution
- Fork from eyeOS
- PHP-based with .js and .css
- Access with web-browser
- Main development 2012-2015

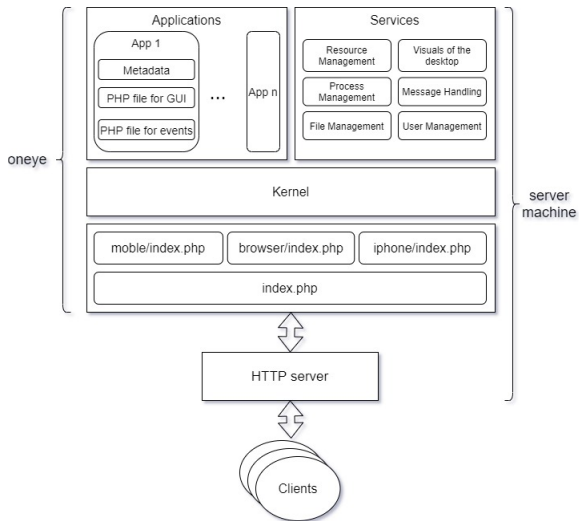
## Installation

- HTTP server & PHP
- PHP 5.6 support (and newer versions)
- Copy .php files from GitHub

# Oneye - Cloud Operating System



# Oneye Architecture



# Communication in Oneye



Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
192.168.0.29	192.168.0.10	HTTP	490	GET /oneye/ HTTP/1.1
192.168.0.10	192.168.0.29	TCP	54	80 → 1057 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=437
192.168.0.10	192.168.0.29	TCP	1514	80 → 1057 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=437
192.168.0.10	192.168.0.29	TCP	1514	80 → 1057 [ACK] Seq=1461 Ack=4
192.168.0.10	192.168.0.29	TCP	1514	80 → 1057 [ACK] Seq=2921 Ack=4
192.168.0.10	192.168.0.29	HTTP	1228	HTTP/1.1 200 OK (text/html)

# Communication in Oneye

Login with root/root.

HTTP POST:

params=

```
<eyeLogin_Textbox_1_User>root</eyeLogin_Textbox_1_User>
```

```
<eyeLogin_Textbox_1_Password>cm9vdA==</eyeLogin_Textbox_1_Password>
```

```
<eyeLogin_Select_1_Language>[auto]</eyeLogin_Select_1_Language>
```

"root" with base64 is "cm9vdA==".



# Communication in Oneye

POST /oneye/index.php?checknum=591345485083&msg=Command

HTTP/1.1

Host: 192.168.0.10

... [HTTP header] ...

params=

```
<type>top</type> <place>left</place>
<id>element-1</id> <entry>entry-1</entry>
```

```
</action><action>
  <task>rawjs</task>
  <js>addLineToBar("95082_eyeFiles_Toolbar", "",0);</js>
</action><action>
  <task>rawjs</task>
  <js>addItemToBar("95082_eyeFiles_Toolbar", "Home" , "i
</action><action>
  <task>createWidget</task>
  <position>
    <x>0</x>
    <y>0</y>
    <horiz>0</horiz>
    <vert>0</vert>
  </position>
  <checknum>205412124243</checknum>
  <name>95082_Home_Container_WidgetDrop</name>
  <father>95082_Home_Container</father>
  <widgetname>WidgetDrop</widgetname>
  <params>{"callback":"","cOrder":0,"signal":"","behavio
  <cent>0</cent>
</action><action>
```

# Communication in Oneye

```
function HelloWorld_on_HelloWorld_Button($params = '') {  
  // API call  
  $response = file_get_contents('https://api.binance.com/api/v3/time');  
  // Update the label of the app.  
  $GLOBALS['HelloWorld_Label']->setText($response );  
}
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>  
<eyeMessage><action>  
  <task>rawjs</task>  
  
<js>document.getElementById("10666_HelloWorld_Label").innerHTML=""</js>  
</action><action>  
  <task>rawjs</task>  
  
<js>document.getElementById("10666_HelloWorld_Label").appendChild(  
document.createTextNode( "{ \"serverTime\":1611477393343}" ));</js>  
</action></eyeMessage>
```

## Virtual file system (VFS)

- Services for accessing files and directories
- PHP functions like **fopen()** and **unlink()** are not used
- VFS provides file access based on user type  
(VFS\_INSUFFICIENT\_PERMISSIONS)
- Ensures security to files

# VFS - Background

- Virtual module uses two files when user creates a file
- Example,

```
service('vfs', 'create', array('file.txt'));
```
- Two files namely, `file.txt_[RANDOM_STRING].eyeFile`, and `file.txt_[RANDOM_STRING].eyeInfo`
- Deletion operation - deletes both the files
- Two types of files - User's files(virtual) , System files(real)
- Every user has a home directory to work in
  - **conf/** - the configuration files are stored here as real files with XML format.
  - **files/** - the virtual files are stored here, and are visible to the user from the File Manager

# Users in Oneye

- Multiple users support
- User Manager(UM) provides necessary methods  
`$currentUser; $path=service('um','getCurrentUserDir');`
- Groups in Oneye
- **groups/** - shared files between the group members
- For group managing - VFS and UM services  
`$um_getCurrentGroups; $vfs_real_getDirContent_group;`
- Disadvantage of having group in Oneye

# User Session in Oneye

- Sessions are stored in an array structure
- **eyeSession** library has abstract method for accessing session
- Creates new session when it's not stored in array

```
if(eyeSessions('checkVar',array(TABLENAME))==false){  
eyeSessions('makeArrayVar',array(TABLENAME));  
}
```

# Security issues and Challenges

- Client-Server communication is out of scope.
- User passwords can be easily decoded.
- Cannot provide anonymity to users as it's still in development stage
- Oneye browser cannot render most of the websites
- Restriction of files usage in Oneye group is limited
- No shared applications which increases productivity.

# Oneye Improvement solutions

- Authentication of users based on hashing
- Providing anonymity to users outside DaaS
- Browser should support X-Frame-Options HTTP header
- Improving users permission for Oneye group
- Providing office function with more functionalities (integrating with open-source Groupware)
- Implementing session timeout and session lock



# Application - Folder Structure

- opt/lampp/htdocs/
- oneye/system6f547cf659/apps/<application\_name>
- Files - app.eyecode, events.eyecode, info.xml

# Application - Initializing and Ending (app.eyecode)

- To run the application.
- Initialization and to end an application.
- Two functions: **ApplicationName\_run** and **ApplicationName\_end**
- Graphical application uses it to initialize the User Interface.
- Non-graphical and small applications concentrate all their code in this function.

## Application - Events (events.eyecode)

- Applications are intractable.
- Information is shared with the server in the form of the message.
- Has various functions depending on the applications.

# Demonstration

- PHP Version
- Sticky Notes

# Thank You

Any Questions?